Present Status of JENDL-4

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Purposes of JENDL-4

- Ad Hoc Committee on Next JENDL under JNDC
 - Interviews with specialists in various fields
 - LWR, FBR, Shielding, ADS, Fusion, Criticality Safety, Radiation Damage, Medical Use, Astrophysics *etc.*

Reported by the Committee in May, 2003

- Development of innovative reactors
- High burn-up and use of MOX fuel for LWR
- Criticality safety with burn-up credit
- Medical use, Astrophysics

A library with high quality and reasonable quantity JENDL-4



Key Subjects for JENDL-4

- To resolve open problems with JENDL-3.3
- Improvements of FP and MA data
- Covariances
- Gamma-ray production data
- FP yields
- Various benchmarks
- Quality assurance
- Reactor constants



Nuclear Model Code Development

- POD coded (Fortran) by A. Ichihara
 - Optical model, DWBA, exciton model, statistical model for evaluation of FP
 - A report was published, but the code is still under development
- CCONE coded (C++) by O. Iwamoto
 - Coupled-channel optical model, DWBA, exciton model, statistical model for evaluation of actinides
 - The code is still under development.



Example of POD Results



Example of CCONE Results



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Evaluation of FP Data

- 213 nuclei to be evaluated JENDL-3.3: 185 nuclei
 - newly evaluated: 28 nuclei

T_{1/2} \ge 10 days, fission yield \ge 0.1%

• Low energy region ($E_n = 10^{-5} \text{ eV} - 100 \text{ keV}$)

Resolved resonance parameters

- High energy region (E_n = 10 keV 20 MeV)
 - Optical model, direct-reaction model, pre-equilibrium model, statistical model



Priorities for FP Evaluation

- Needs from LWR, FBR, ADS
- Availability of new differential measurements
- Comparison of JENDL-3.3 total and capture cross sections with experimental data
- Benchmark results of JENDL-3.3 on STEK experiments
- Results of data selection by WPEC SG21

Priority-A 63 nuclei



Resolved Resonance Parameters for FP Nuclei

- Comparison of RRP obtained from exp.
- Determination of L and J
- Check on calculated thermal cross sections and resonance integrals with Mughabghab 06
- Comparison of energy-averaged cross sections
- 107 nuclei updated; 51 nuclei unchanged from JENDL-3.3; 13 new evaluation; 42 no RRP



- Gunsing+ ('00)
 - Same as JENDL-3.3
- Thermal capture
 - Adjust negative res.
 - Harada+ ('95 revised)
 - Molnar+ ('02)
 - Furutaka+ ('04)
 Average 23.6±0.7 b
 JENDL-3.3 22.76 b



- n ¹¹⁸Sn
- Wisshak+ ('96)
 - E_r, L, gΓ_n, cap. area
 - ⇒ cap. area → $Γ_γ$
 - Upper limit: 15 keV
- JENDL-3.3
 - Mughabghab 81
 - Upper limit: 4.8 keV
 - **Unknown** Γ_n
 - p-wave and reduced width of 250 meV assumed



n - ¹⁵⁷Gd

- Leinweber+ (2006)
 - Capture & trans.
 - Gd-152,154,155,156, 157,158,160
- Gd-157
 - 0.032-eV resonance
 - Thermal capture
 - 10% smaller than JENDL-3.3
 - PENDING !!



Optical Model Parameters for FP

- Global parameters needed
 - ▶ Koning-Delaroche (2003) spherical OMP → NOT applicable to deformed nuclei
- New global CC parameters applicable to a wide mass range up to 200 MeV
 - Can be used for deformed nuclei such as Sm



Low Energy Property of OMP Newly Obtained

S-Wave Neutron Strength Function





Evaluation of FP in the Non-Resonance Energy Region

Finished

- Zn, Ag, Sn, Nd, Pm, Tb, Dy
- In progress
 - Mo, Nb, Pd, Sm



Zn Cross Sections (I)



Zn Cross Sections (2)

Zn Cross Sections (3)

Zn Cross Sections (4)

Nd Cross Sections (1)

Nd Cross Sections (2)

Sn Cross Sections (I)

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Sn Cross Sections (2)

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Sn Cross Sections (3)

Sn Cross Sections (4)

Sn-126: LLFP $T_{1/2} = 2.3 \times 10^5$ year

Sn Cross Sections (5)

Evaluation of Light and Medium Nuclei

Finished

- **Si-28**, 29, 30
- Ca-40, 42, 43, 44, 46, 48
- On-going
 - Au-197
- To be re-examined
 - H-1, O-16
 - Cr, Fe, Ni

Si Cross Sections (I)

Si Cross Sections (2)

Si Cross Sections (3)

Cross Section (b)

Ca Cross Sections (I)

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Ca Cross Sections (2)

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Ca Cross Sections (3)

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Time Schedule of JENDL-4

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Issues Probably Carried Over after JENDL-4

- Thermal Scattering Law Data
 - Difficult to find a specialist over the world
- Resonance Analysis
 - Important, but raw data and expertise needed!
- Processing Code (NJOY etc.)
 - Necessary to keep specialists
- (Nuclear Model Codes Made in Japan)
 - Resolved by JAEA activities

