

Recent Activities of MA Cross-Section Measurements

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High Level Waste (HLW)

Fission Products (FP)

^{99}Tc , ^{129}I , ^{137}Cs , ^{90}Sr , ^{129}I

Minor Actinides (MA)

^{237}Np , ^{241}Am , ^{243}Am , ^{244}Cm



Public Acceptability
of Nuclear Power Reactors
Waste Management
Environment



Nuclear Transmutation

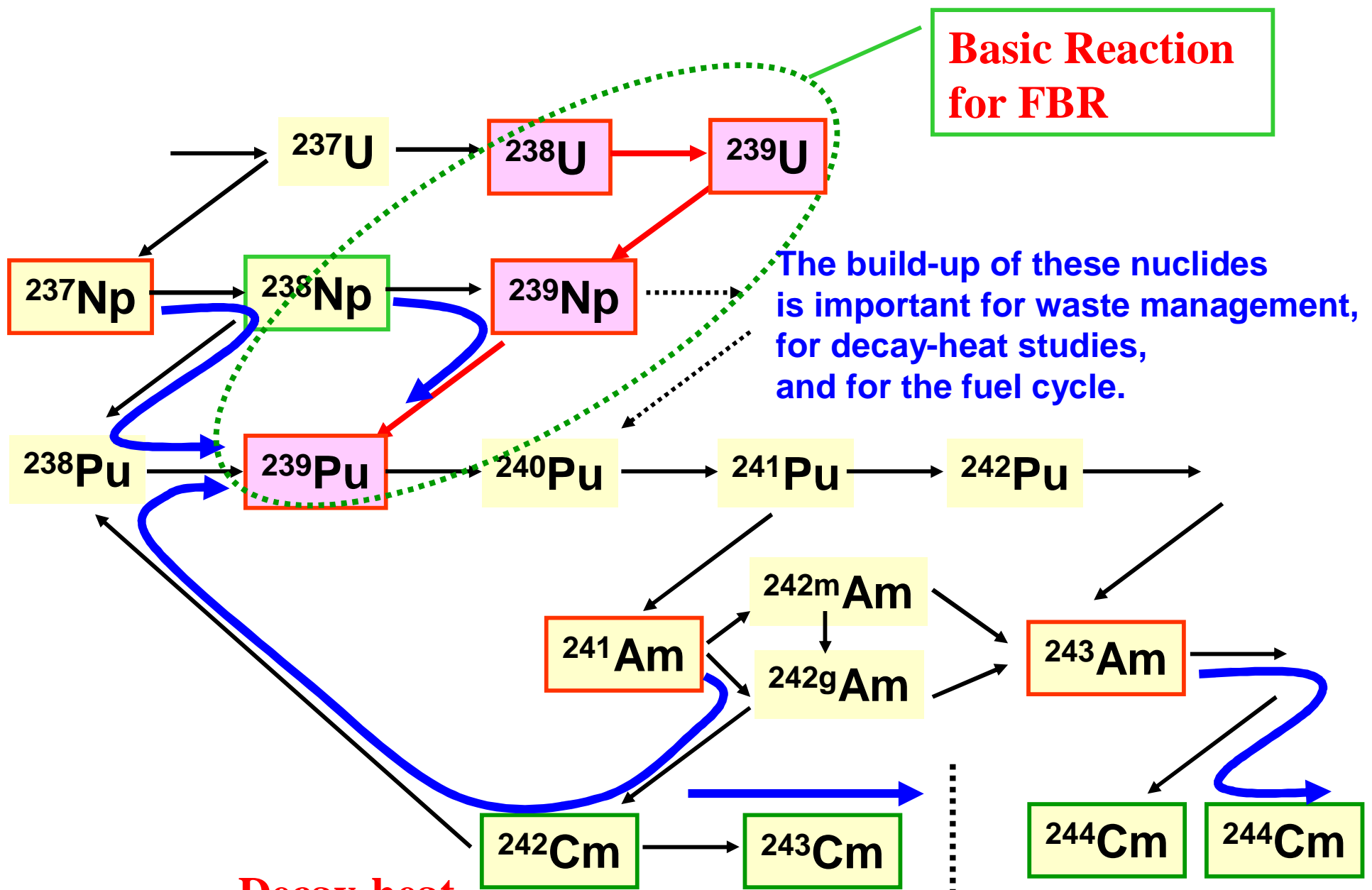
Cross Section Measur.

- Activation Method
- Time-Of-Flight
- Prompt γ -rays
- etc.

Chart of the nuclides

**Basic Reaction
for FBR**

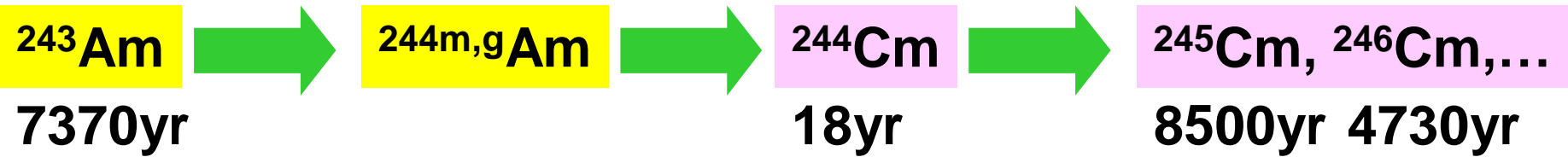
The build-up of these nuclides is important for waste management, for decay-heat studies, and for the fuel cycle.



Decay-heat

Higher Cm isotopes

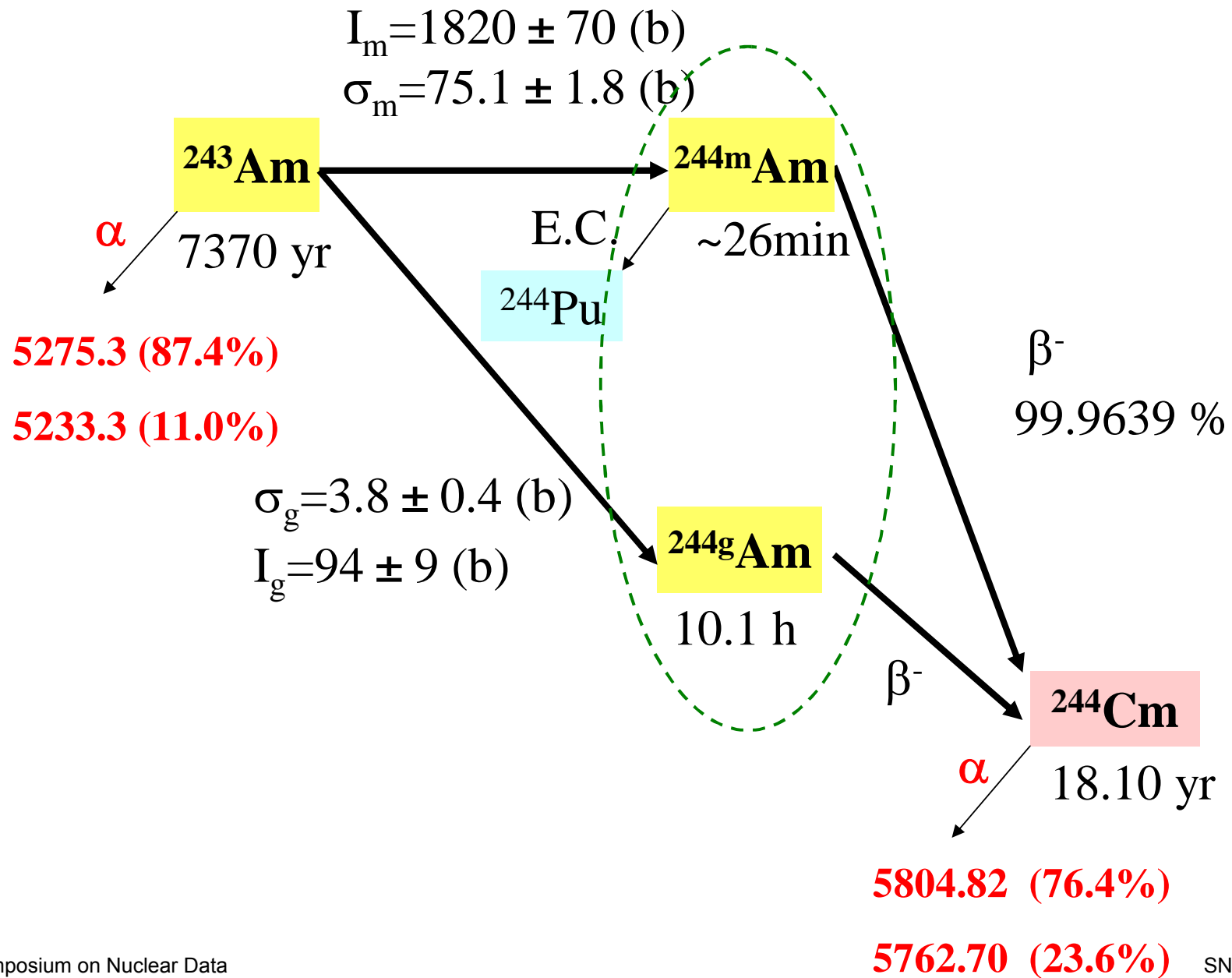
Motivation



- Long-half life 7370yr.
- Production of **long-lived Cm isotopes**
- Discrepancies among the cross section data
~ about **10%**

	$\sigma_m(\text{b})$	$\sigma_g(\text{b})$	$\sigma_{m+g}(\text{b})$
JENDL-3.3	—	—	76.7
Mughabghab	71.3 ± 1.8	3.8 ± 0.4	75.1 ± 1.8
Letourneau	—	5.2 ± 1.7	81.8 ± 3.9
Schuman	—	5.9	—
Ice	80	4.3	84.3
Street	50	—	—

Partial Decay Scheme of ^{243}Am

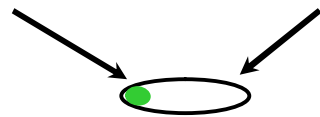


^{243}Am Sample for irradiation @KUR

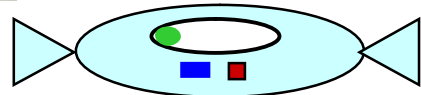
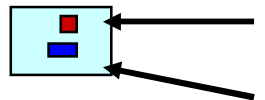
^{243}Am 1 μCi



High purity quartz tube
7mm 25mm



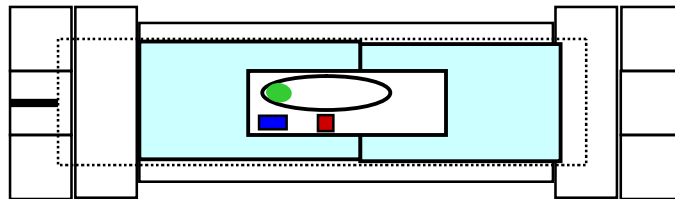
Au/Al wire 0.5mm
Co/Al wire 1mm



**KUR @Hyd.
10H Irrad.**

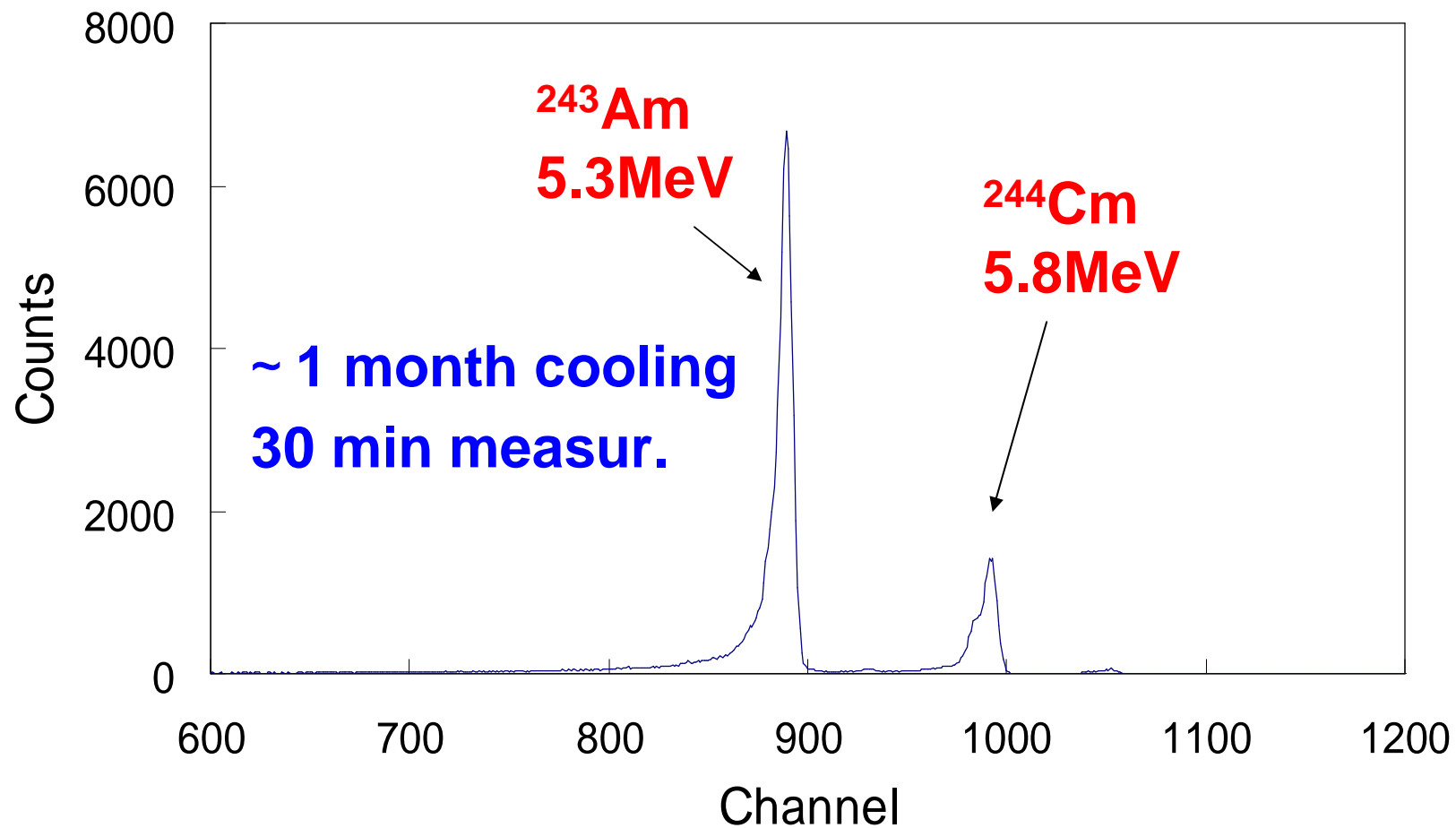


ネジ式のアルミ容器

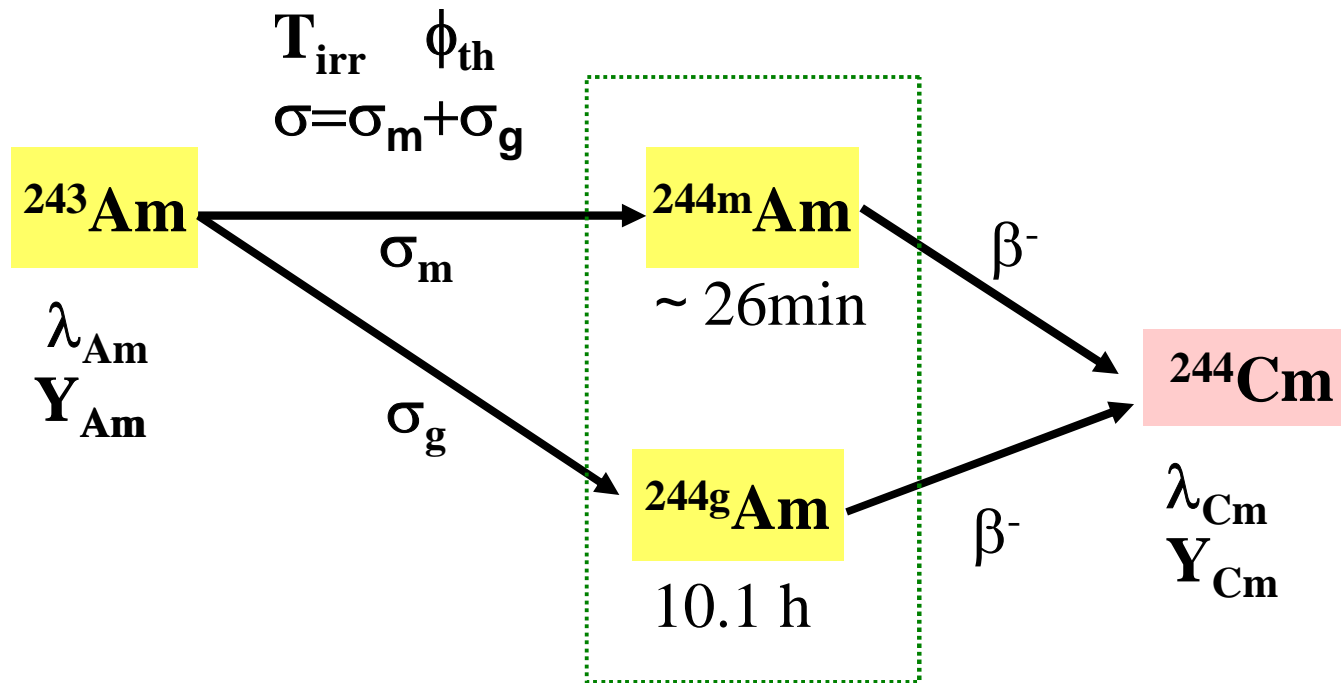


Irradiation capsule for Hyd.

α -ray spectrum of irradiated ^{243}Am sample



Analysis of effective cross-section



Reaction Rate:
$$R = \frac{\lambda_{Am}}{\lambda_{Cm}} \cdot \frac{Y_{Cm}}{Y_{Am}} \cdot \frac{1}{T_{irr}}$$

Effective Cross Section:
$$\sigma_{eff} = R / \phi_{th}$$

Results of effective cross section for the $^{243}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)^{244m+g}\text{Am}$ reaction

	$\hat{\sigma}_{m+g}$
This Work*	174.0 ± 5.3
JENDL-3.3 (2002)	150
Mughabghab (1984)	158 ± 7

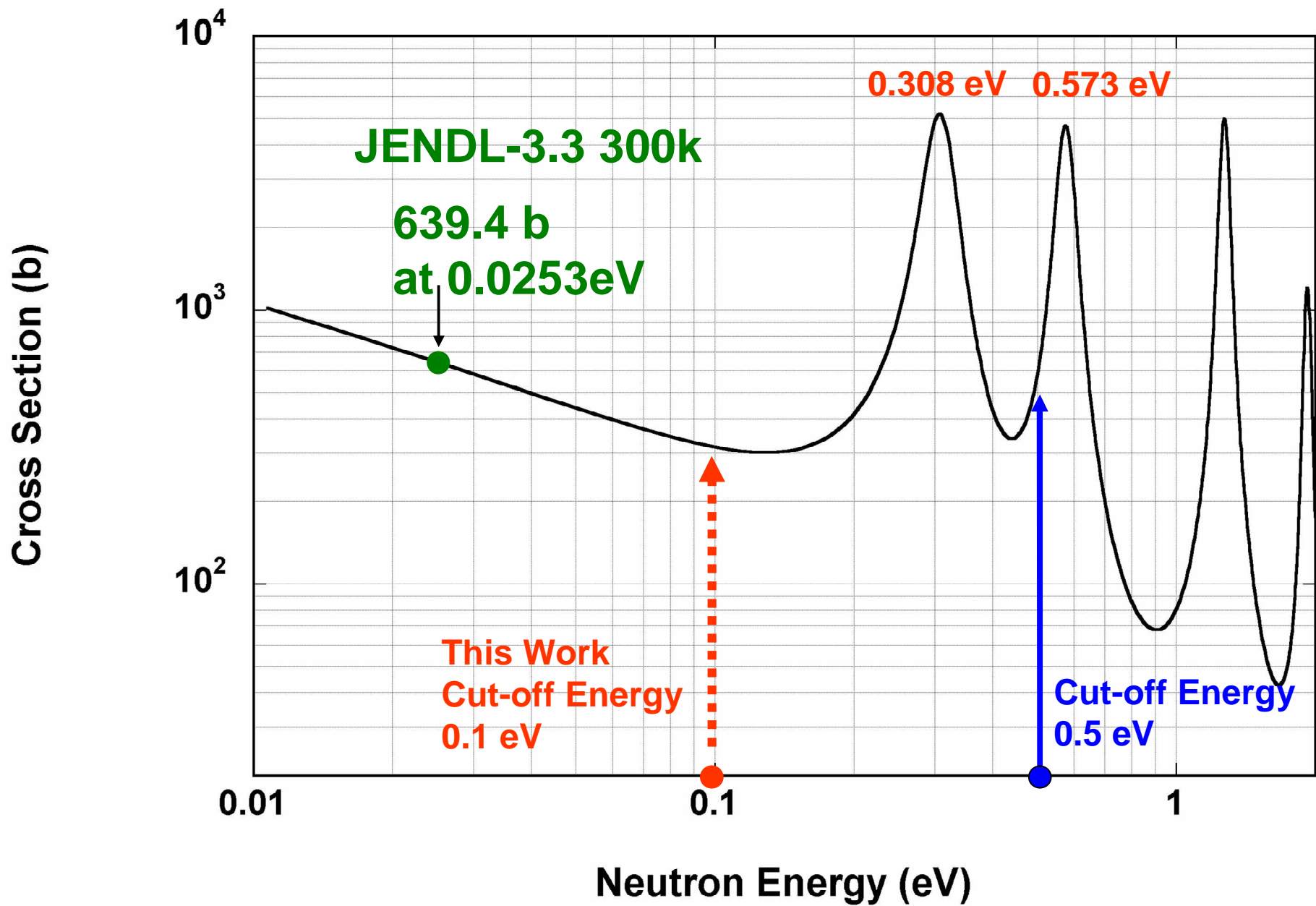
*M.Ohta *et al.*: J.Nucl.Sci.Technol.,**43**, 1441, (2006).

Motivation

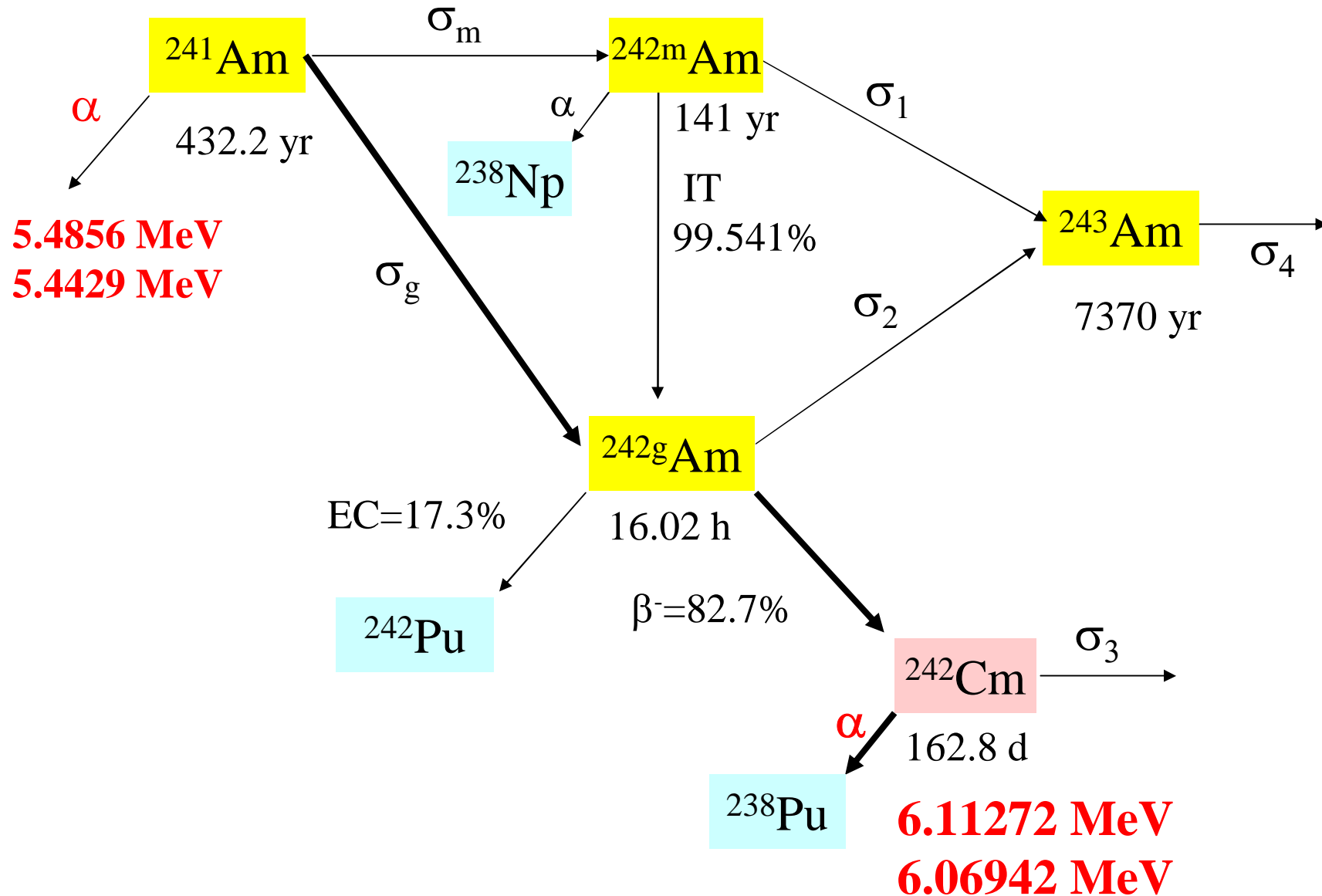


- Related to production of ^{239}Pu
- Production of **long-lived Cm isotopes**
- Problem of **decay heat** ^{242}Cm (163 day)
- Discrepancies among the reported data: σ_0
 ~ more than **20%**

Refernces	Year	σ_0 (b)	I_0 (b)
Maidana et al.	(2001)	602 ± 9	1665 ± 91
Fioni et al.	(2001)	636 ± 46	-----
Shinohara et al.	(1997)	768 ± 58	1694 ± 146
Gavrulov et al.	(1977)	780 ± 50	-----
Harbour et al.	(1973)	748 ± 20	1330 ± 117
Bak et al.	(1967)	670 ± 60	2100
Deal et al.	(1964)	770	-----



Partial Decay Scheme of ^{241}Am



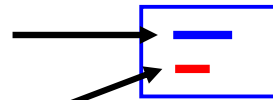
^{241}Am Samples for irradiation @KUR

Am-241 100Bq

2.5 μl solution



Co/Al 1 mm

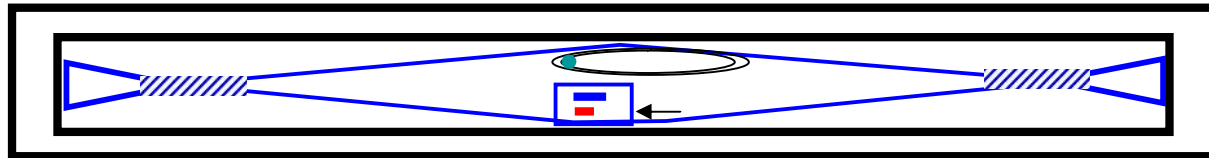


Au/Al 0.5 mm



High purity quartz tube
8mmf, 50mm in length

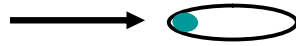
**KUR@Long-Irrad. Plug
1week (68H) Irrad.**



Two folds of
Al enclosure rods

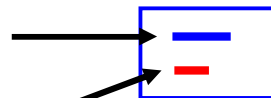
Am-241 500Bq

12.5 μl solution

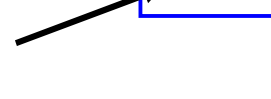


20mm in length

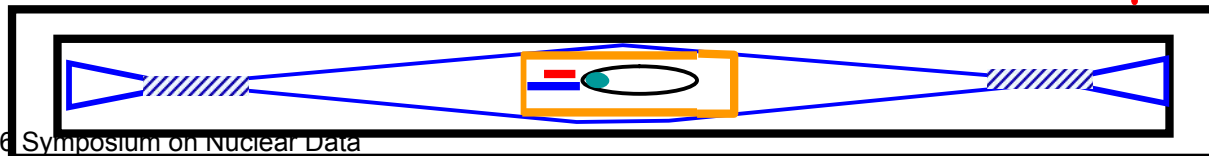
Co/Al 1 mm



Au/Al 0.5 mm

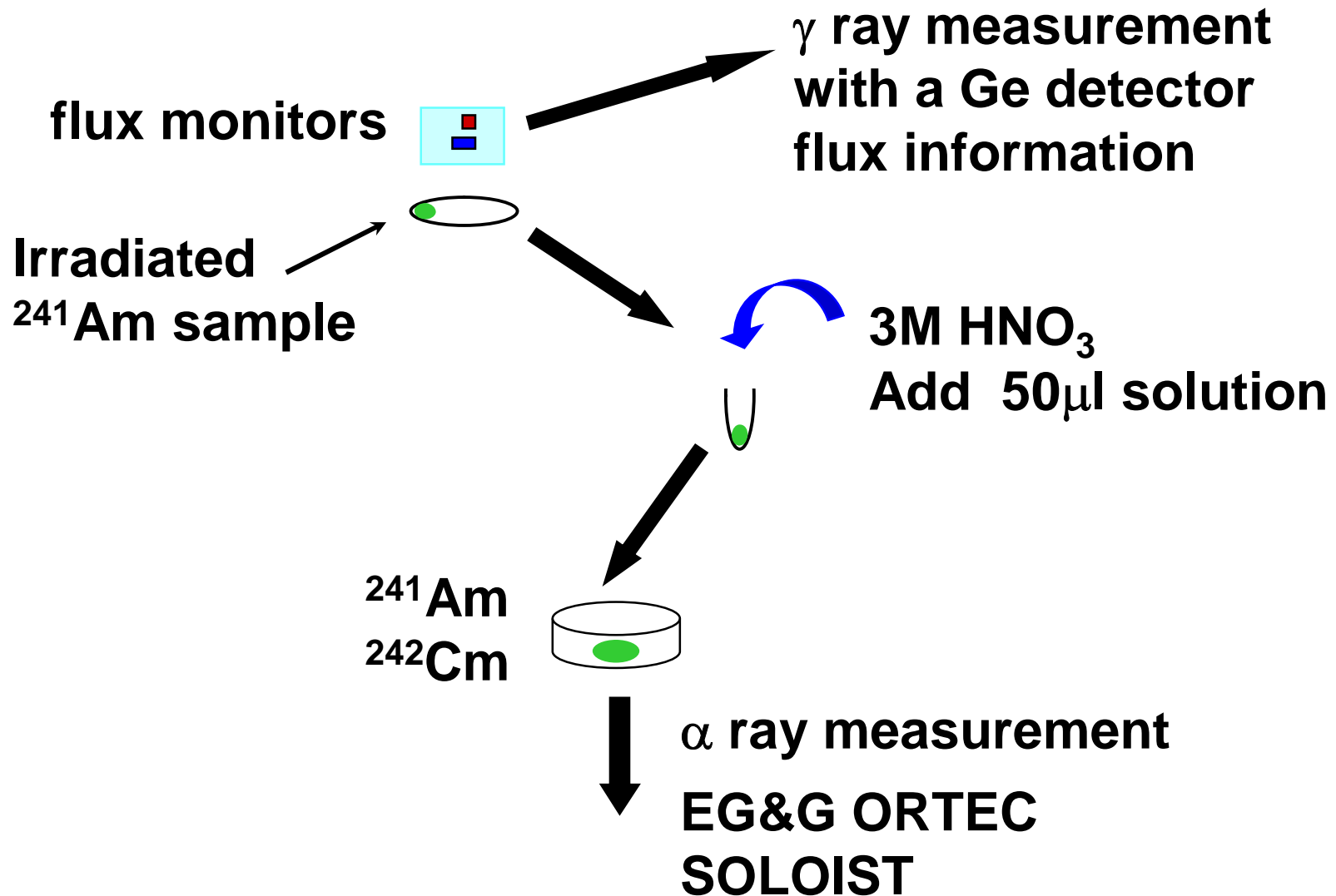


**Gadolinium capsule
10mmf, 30mm in length
25 μm in thickness**

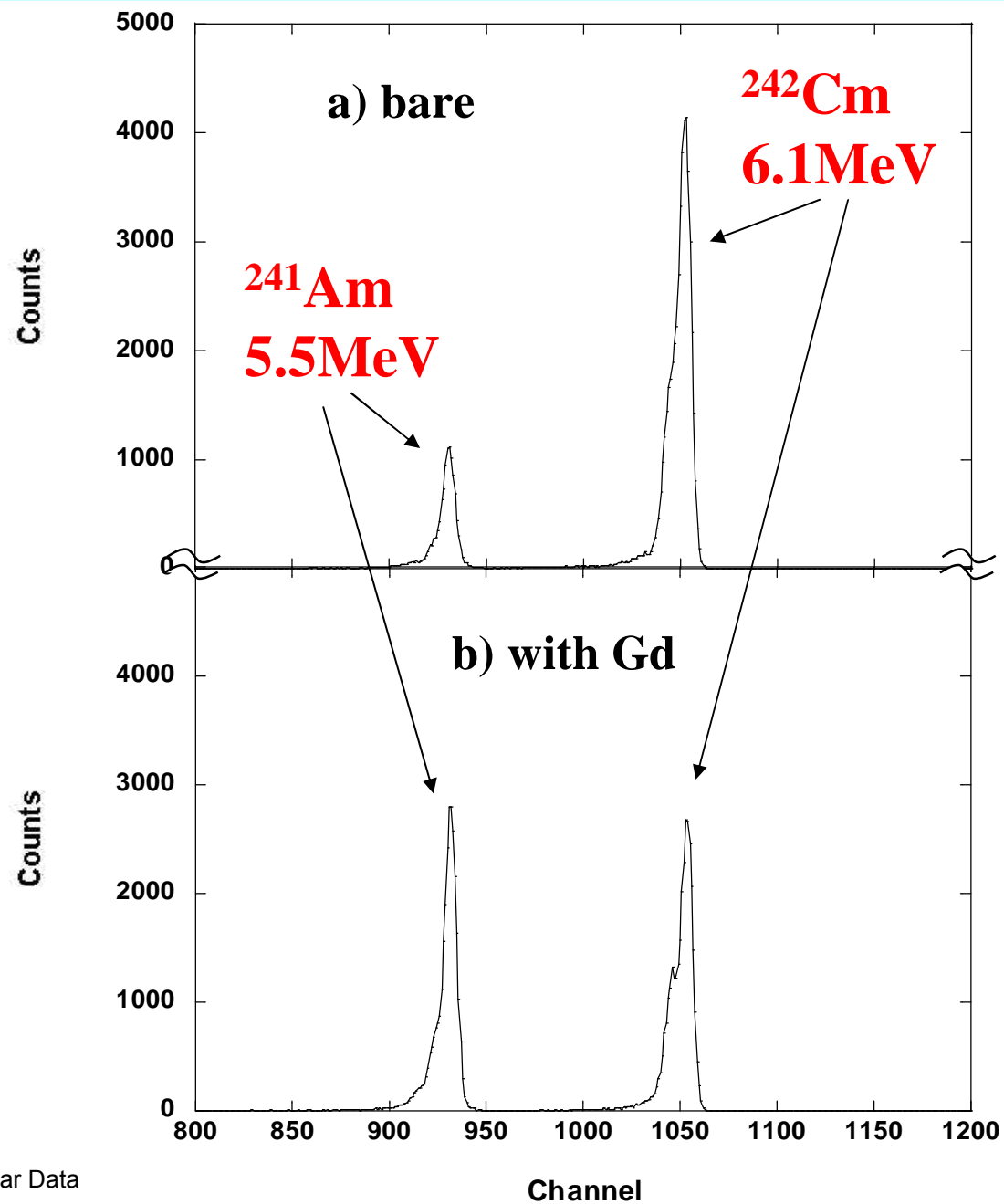


Measurement of sample

20 Days Cooling after Irrad.



α -ray spectrum of irradiated ^{241}Am sample



Modifying the Westcott's convention

$$\frac{R}{\sigma_0} = \phi_1 G_{th} + \phi_2 \cdot s_0 G_{epi}$$

for irradiation without a Cd shield,

$$\frac{R'}{\sigma_0} = \phi'_1 G_{th} + \phi'_2 \cdot s_0 G_{epi}$$

for irradiation with a Cd shield.
where

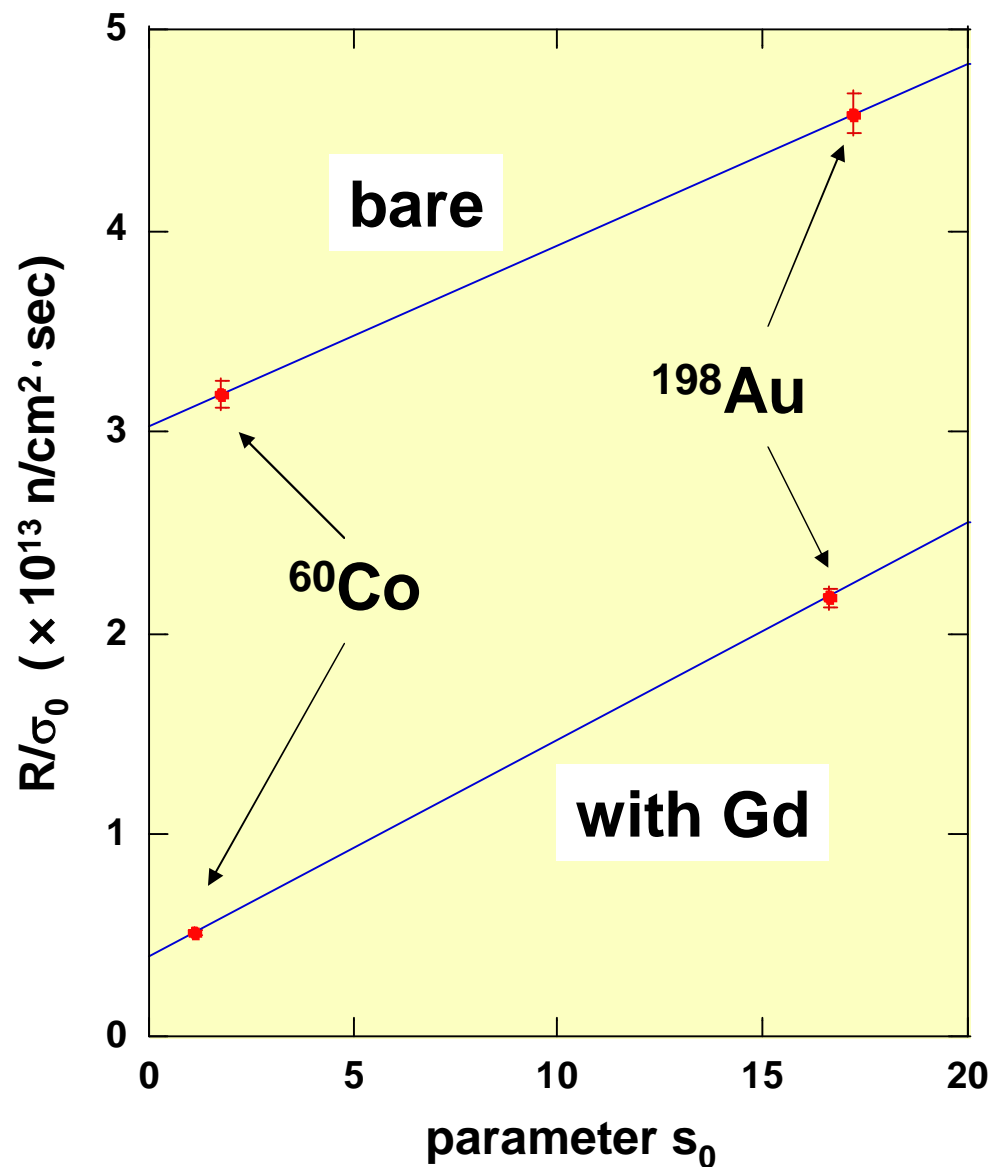
$$s_0 = \sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}} \cdot \frac{I'_0}{\sigma_0}$$

I'_0 is the resonance integral
after subtracting the $1/v$ component

Resonance Integral I_0

$$I_0 = I'_0 + 1.006 \sigma_0$$

for **cut-off energy of 0.1 eV**



Results of σ_0 and I_0 for the $^{241}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)^{242g}\text{Am}$ reaction

Tentative!

	σ_0 (b)	I_0 (b)	Cut-off E
This Work	628 ± 22	3.5 ± 0.3 k	0.1eV
JENDL-3.3 (2002)	639.4	1456	
Maidana et al. (2001)	602 ± 9	1665 ± 91	0.5eV
Fioni et al. (2001)	636 ± 46	----	
Shinohara et al(1997)	768 ± 58	1694 ± 146	0.5eV
Gavrulov et al. (1977)	780 ± 50	---	
Harbour et al. (1973)	748 ± 20	1330 ± 117	0.369eV
Bak et al. (1967)	670 ± 60	2100	
Deal et al. (1964)	770	---	

Summary

- $^{241}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)^{242g}\text{Am}$ Reaction:

$$\sigma_{0g} = 628 \pm 22(\text{b}), \quad I_{0g} = 3.5 \pm 0.3(\text{kb}) \quad E_c = 0.107\text{eV}$$

- $^{243}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)^{244m+g}\text{Am}$ Reaction:

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 174.0 \pm 5.3(\text{b}) \quad \text{in Hyd. @ KUR}$$



- Evaluated data for ^{243}Am is 13% smaller than the present result.

JAEA's Data for MA Cross-Sections

Nuclide	Half-life	Past Data (Author, Year)	JAEA Data	References
^{237}Np	$2.14 \times 10^6 \text{ y}$	$\sigma_0 = 158 \pm 3 \text{ b}$ $I_0 = 652 \pm 24 \text{ b}$ (Kobayashi 1994)	$\sigma_0 = 141.7 \pm 5.4 \text{ b}$ $I_0 = 862 \pm 51 \text{ b}$ (2003) $\sigma_0 = 169 \pm 6 \text{ b}$ (2006)	Katoh <i>et al.</i> , <i>JNST</i> , 40(2003) Harada <i>et al.</i> , <i>JNST</i> ,43,No11(2006)
^{238}Np	2.1 d	No Data !	$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 479 \pm 24 \text{ b}$ (2004)	Harada <i>et al.</i> , <i>JNST</i> , 41(2004)
^{241}Am	432 y	$\sigma_{0g} = 768 \pm 58 \text{ b}$ $I_{0g} = 1694 \pm 146 \text{ b}$ (Shinohara 1997)	$\sigma_{0g} = 628 \pm 22 \text{ b}$ $I_{0g} = 3.5 \pm 0.3 \text{ k b}$	Nakamura <i>et al.</i> , <i>JNST</i> , to be submitted
^{243}Am	7370 y	$\sigma_{0m} = 80 \text{ b}$, $\sigma_{0g} = 4.3$ $\sigma_{0m+g} = 84.3 \text{ b}$ (Ice 1966)	$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 174.0 \pm 5.3 \text{ b}$ (2006)	Ohta <i>et al.</i> , <i>JNST</i> ,43,No.12(2006)